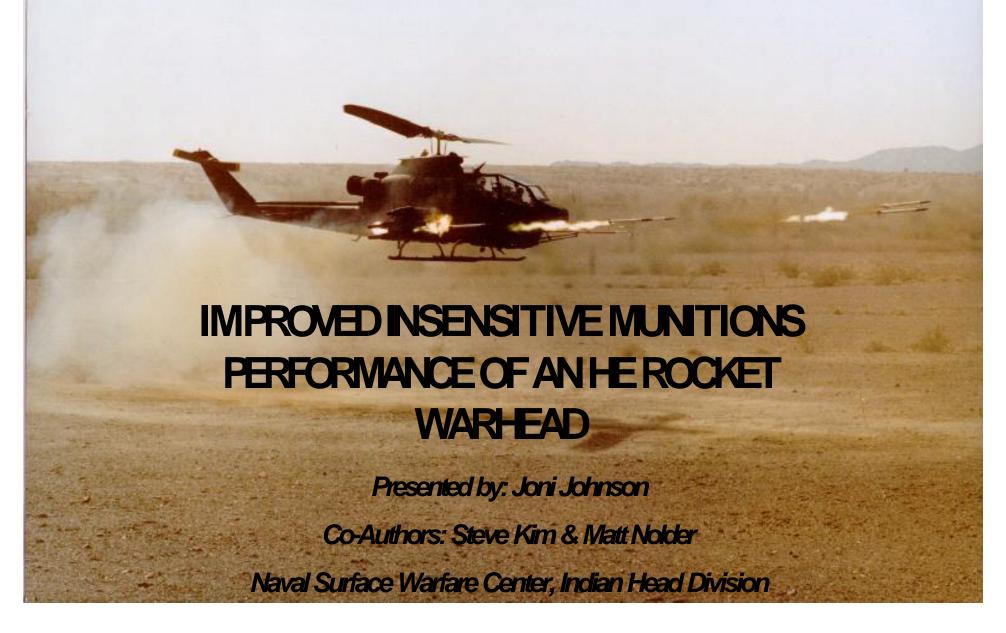


NDIA Rockets & Missiles Symposium San Antonio, TX 15 May 2001





Problem:

Current HE warheads pose a serious safety risk onboard ship when exposed to IM threats

Objective:

Improve the Insensitive Munitions (IM) performance of a COMP B loaded 2.75-Inch High Explosive warhead.



2.75-INCH ROCKET SYSTEM DESCRIPTION







CURRENT M229 WARHEAD

- Contains 4.8 lbs COMP B4 explosive
- Cast iron nose and steel base identical to M151
 HE warhead, separated by a 10" cast iron cylindrical body (brazed)
- Uses M423 or M427 point detonating fuze with RDX lead-in and booster charge





CURRENT COMP B PERFORMANCE (IN M151 WARHEAD)

FAST COOK-OFF

SLOW COOK-OFF

BULLET IMPACT

FRAGMENT IMPACT

SYMP. DETONATION

COMP B FILL

PARTIAL DET.

DETONATION

DEFLAGRATION

DETONATION

DETONATION

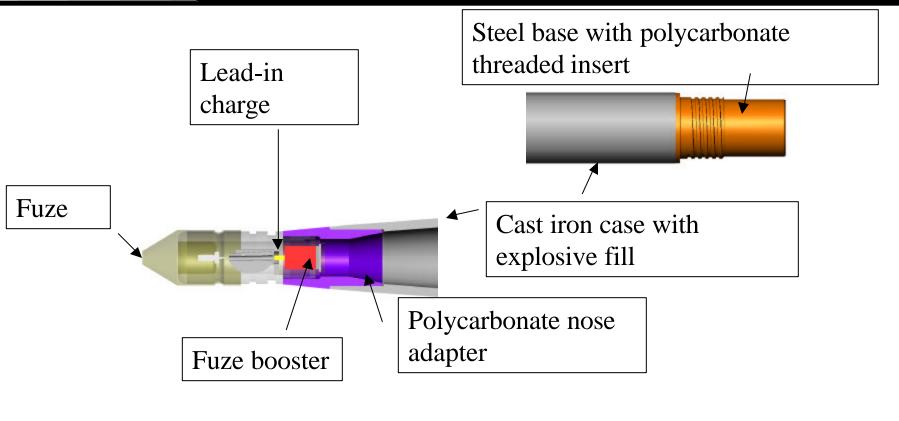


PROPOSED DESIGN

- •PBXN-110 or PBXN-107 explosive main fill
- •PBXN-5 lead-in charge
- •PBXN-7 booster charge
- Venting on both ends



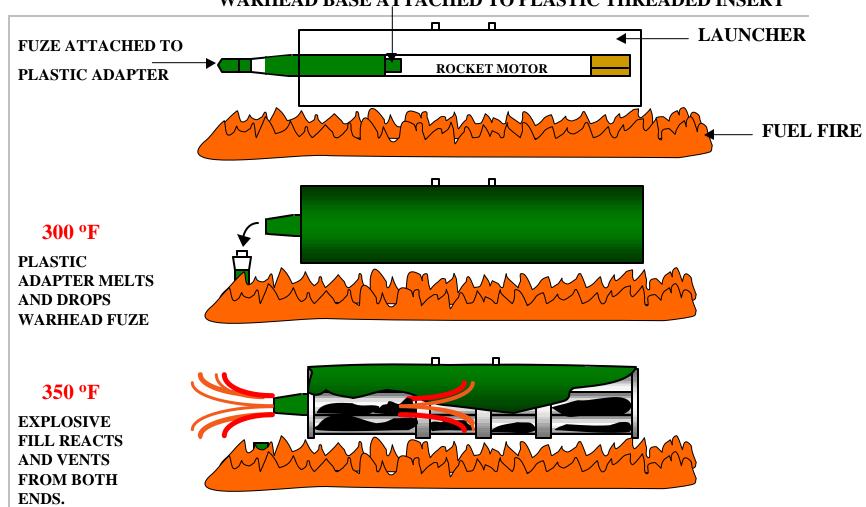






IMPROVED M229 HE WARHEAD THEORETICAL FCO REACTION

WARHEAD BASE ATTACHED TO PLASTIC THREADED INSERT





COMP B EILL

IM TEST RESULTS

FAST COOK-OFF

SLOW COOK-OFF

BULLET IMPACT

FRAGMENT IMPACT

SYMP. DETONATION

COMP B FILL	PBAN-110 FILL	PBAN-107 FILL
PARTIAL DET.	BURN	EXPLOSION
DETONATION	BURN	DEFLAGRATION
DEFLAGRATION	BURN	BURN
DETONATION	DETONATION	DETONATION
DETONATION	NOT TESTED	NOT TESTED

DDVN 440 EILL

DRYN 107 EILL



- Slow Cook-Off Results
- PBXN-110 loaded warhead

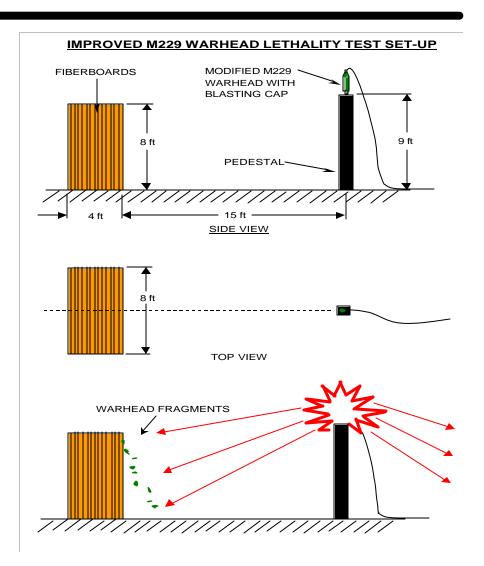






IMPROVED M229 HE WARHEAD DESIGN EVALUATION TESTING

- Nose-initiated, fragment pattern shifted towards tail
- Both PBXN-110 & PBXN-107 filled warheads resulted in a smaller fragment average at higher velocities than COMP B
- Determining Probability of Kill values





Conclusion:

- · IM improvements were successful
- PBXN-110 performed better than PBXN-107 in IM tests
- Design demonstrated sufficient IM improvement to warrant continuation of program